

# **Data Intelligence Solutions**

**VISUALIZATION, ANALYTICS & INSIGHTS** 



# **Benefits of Digital Transformation**



Companies that embrace digital transformation with cloud, data & A.I.:

### NEARLY DOUBLE

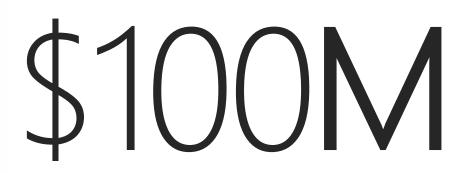
operating margin

**\$40**k

more revenue per employee

50%+

higher average net income on revenue

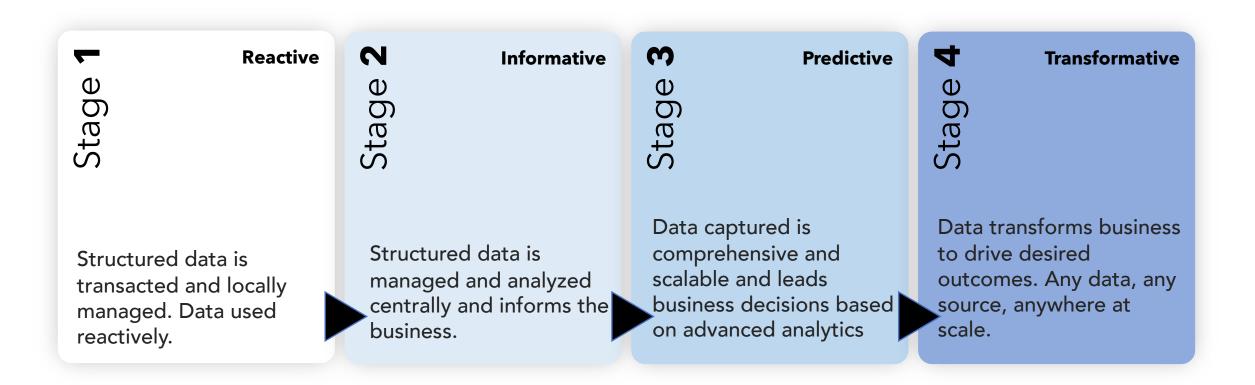


The most digitally transformed enterprises generate on average \$100 million in additional operating income each year

Source: Keystone Strategy



# Data & analytics maturity model





# **Opportunities & Challenges**



- Empower employees with enhanced business agility
- Optimize operations and business processes
- Transform products through differentiated business models
- Engage customers with personalized experiences

- Data security
- Legacy app modernization
- Increased price/performance demands
- Faster & richer business insights



Identify, Accelerate, and Close

### **Competitor Workload Opportunities**

	Relational Database	<ul> <li>Competitor information</li> <li>Value proposition</li> <li>Readiness &amp; training</li> </ul>
Data Platform	Data Warehouse	4 MIGRATE 🥠 2 PLAN 🤌
	Advanced Analytics	<ul> <li>Guidance &amp; tools</li> <li>Resources</li> <li>Training</li> <li>Opportunity identification</li> <li>Customer conversation</li> </ul>
Infrastructure	Datacenter Transformation	• Training     • Customer conversation     • Sales tools     3 PROVE
Enterprise Mobility	Mobile Device Management	Business value     Resources
	Identity & Access Management	• References



Sales Cycle Support

1 ENABLE 🎵

### **The Process**





### **Discovery & Goals**

Understanding the data silos in your organization

Roadmap to a data intelligence platform

Build a plan to extract the actionable insights

### Implementation

Analyze and integrate your organizational data
 Create insightful and actionable business information visualizations

# **Discovery & Goals**



- Understanding the data silos in your organization
- Goal generation
  - Outline purpose
  - Define deliverables
- Collect requirements
- Identify data sources

- Rapid experimentation at lower costs
- Optimized internal business processes
- Increased operational efficiency
- New revenue streams and increased competitive advantage



# Roadmap

Build a plan to extract the actionable insights

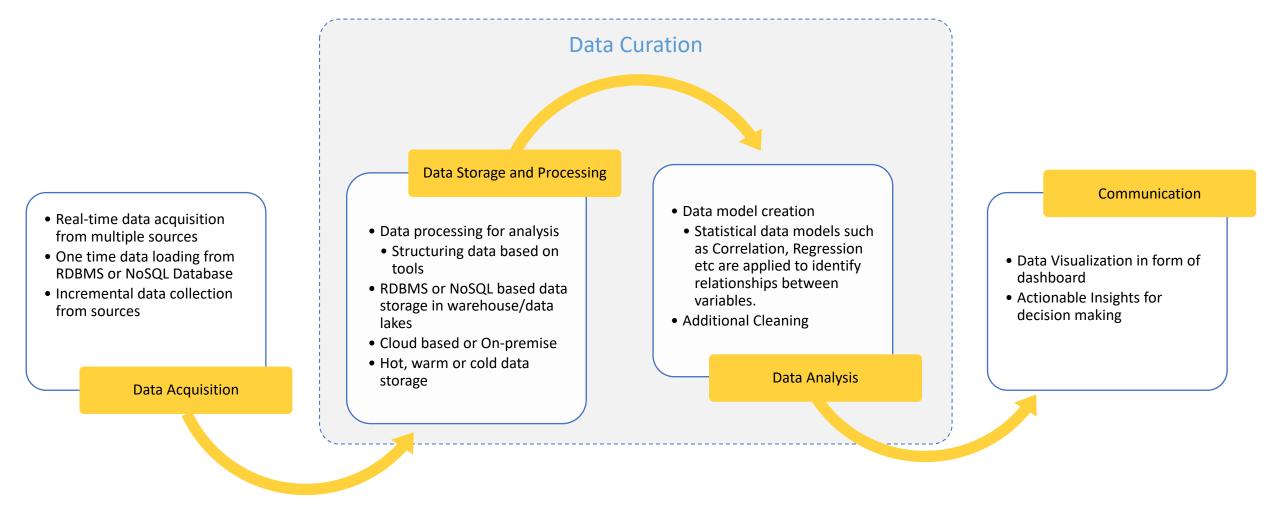


- Building a plan to extract the actionable insights:
  - Identify key stakeholders
  - Define scope
  - Set timeline & budget
  - Prepare data infrastructure
  - Keep track of infrastructure such as data warehouse
  - Select variables that count towards achieving the goals





### Implementation



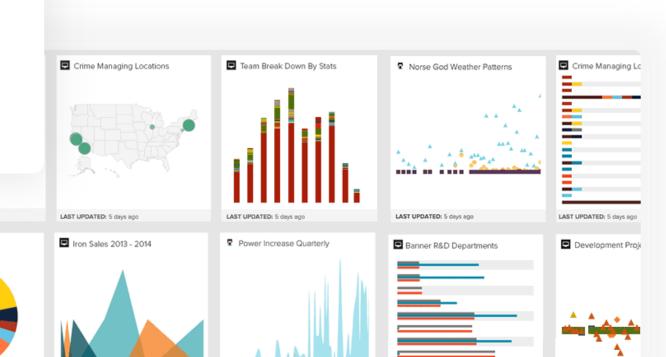
## Deliverables



- Simple, results-oriented and intuitive visualizations with a strong focus on business outcomes.
- Customized reports uncovering actionable insights for proactive decision making.
- A scalable, secure and future-proof solution.

LAST UPDATED: 5 days ago

Banner R&D Departments







# What you achieve

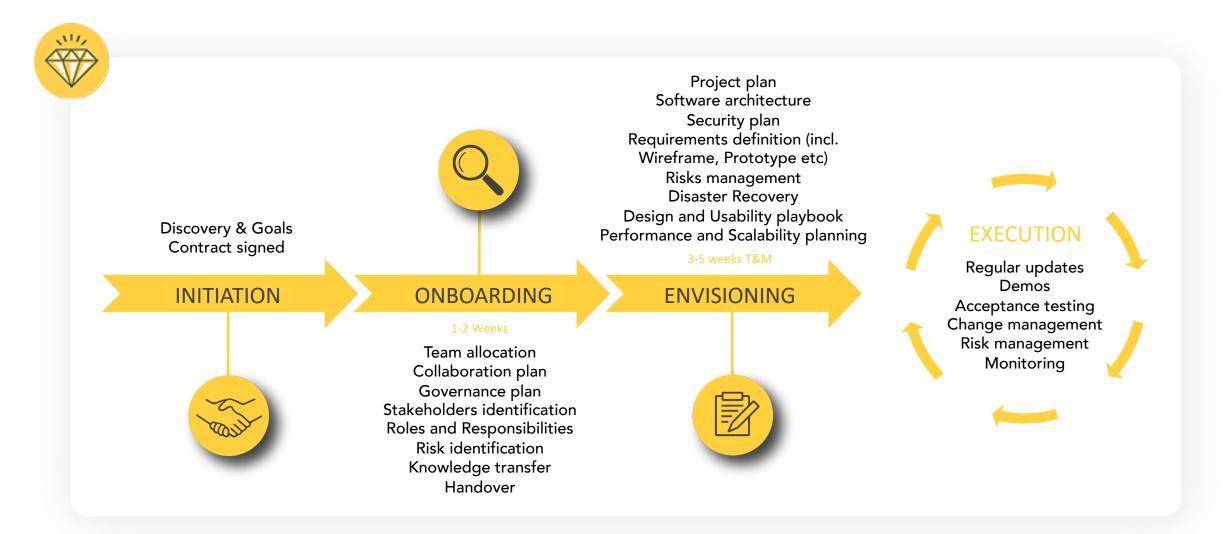


- Fast and accurate decision making
- Insightful and actionable dashboard powered by state-of-the-art data visualization platforms
- Lower costs for data warehousing, systems integration, and data quality
- Accelerated data preparation and analytics to improve speed of business

- Rapid experimentation at lower costs
- Optimized internal business processes
- Increased operational efficiency
- New revenue streams and increased competitive advantage

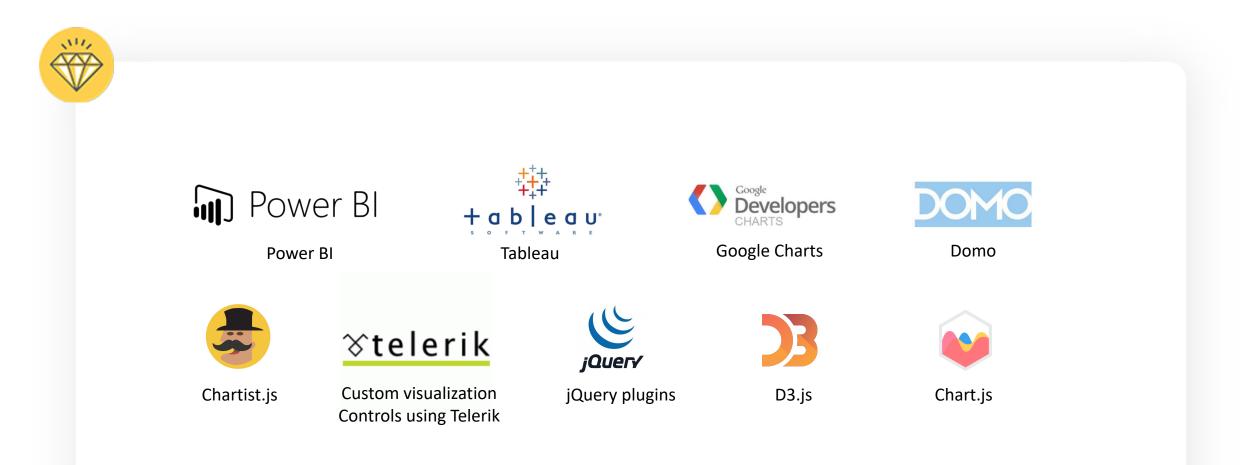


# **Client Journey**





## **Visualization Tools**





# **Change Over Time**

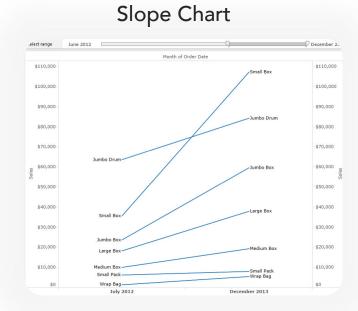


Showing a change over time for a measure is one of the fundamental categories of visualizations. There are many options for exploring change over time, including line charts, slope charts, and highlight tables.

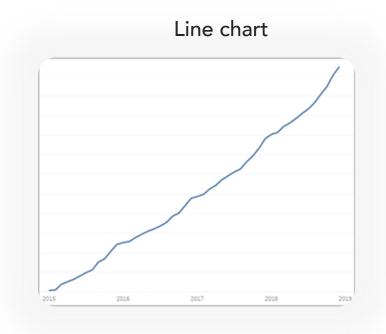
To show change over time, you need to know the value you expect to change, and how to work with Date fields in Tableau.

- What kind of question does this chart answer?
- How has this measure changed in the past year?
- When did this measure change?
- How quickly has this measure changed?

# Change Over Time











## Correlation



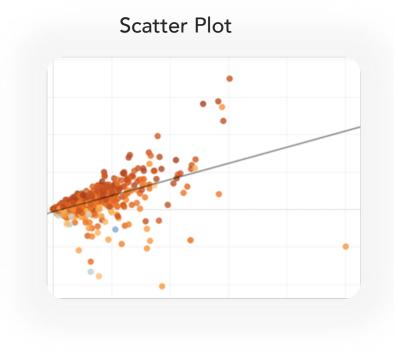
Sometimes you have two variables and are looking for the relationship between them. For example, you may be looking for the relationship between classroom size and school graduation rate, or how much lung capacity relates to endurance. (But remember, correlation does not always equal causation.)

Correlation can be shown with scatter plots or highlight tables to show the strength of the correlation.

- What types of question can this chart answer?
  - Are these two measures related? How strongly?
  - Are some measures more related than others?
  - How strongly related are these measures?

### Pegasus One

# Correlation







# Magnitude



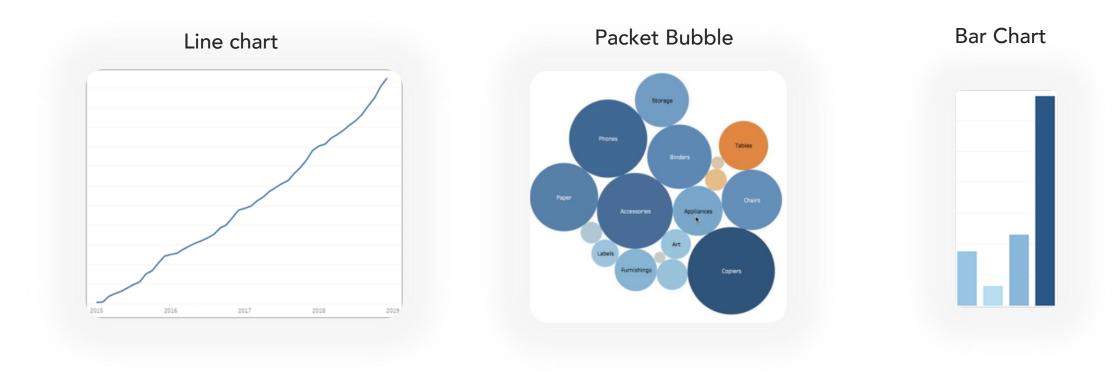
Magnitude shows the relative size or value of two or more discrete items. If you are comparing sales for different regions, you are looking at magnitude.

Magnitude charts include bar charts, packed bubble charts, and line charts.

- What types of question can this chart answer?
  - Which of these dimension members has the highest measure?
  - Are there any exceptional dimensions?
  - How large of a gap is there between the lowest and highest measure between these dimensions?

### Pegasus One

# Magnitude





### Deviation



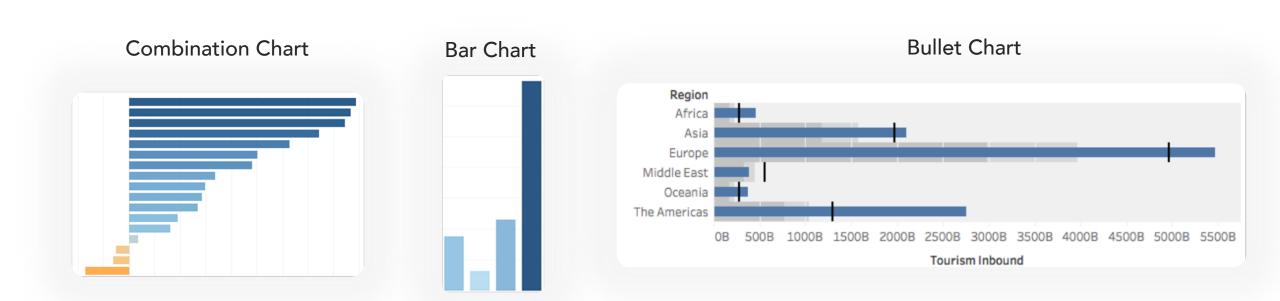
Deviation charts show how far a value varies from some baseline, such as the average or median. If you wanted to know which items had unusually high or low profit margins, you would use a deviation chart.

You can use bullet charts, bar charts, and combination charts to show deviation. You can also find the statistical significance of the deviation using a Z-score.

- What types of question can this chart answer?
  - How far from the norm does this measure stray?
  - How important are the deviations in this measure?
  - Is there a pattern to the deviations?



## Deviation





## Distribution



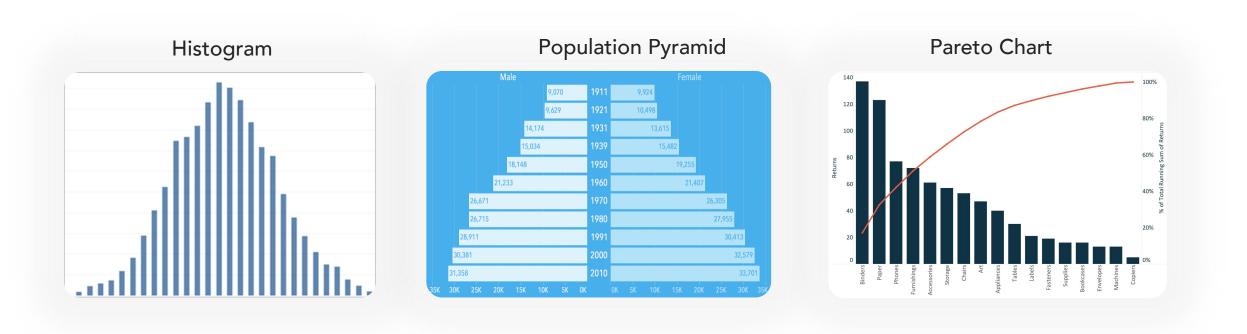
When you are trying to find the frequency of events within a population, you are looking at the distribution. If you are showing the number of respondents to a survey by age, or the frequency of incoming calls by day, a distribution chart might be the best choice.

Distribution charts include histograms, population pyramids, Pareto charts, and box plots.

- What types of question can this chart answer?
  - Are events clustered around a certain probability?
  - Which population group buys the most items?
  - When are the busiest times in our work day?



# Distribution





# Ranking



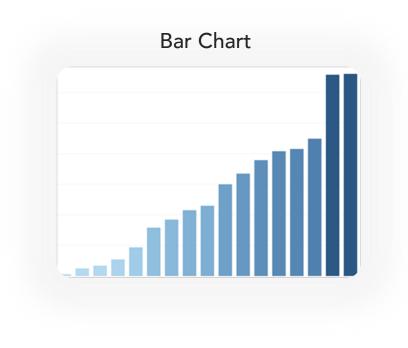
Sometimes you not only want to depict the magnitude of some value, but also the relative ranking of all the members of your dimension. Showing the top ten sales people or demonstrating the under-performing states use a ranking chart.

Ranking charts are usually bar charts that integrate rank calculations, top n sets, or key progress indicators.

- What types of question can this chart answer?
  - How many people are under-performing in the company?
  - How much revenue is generated by our top ten customers?
  - What is the value of our ten lowest revenue properties?



# Ranking





### Part-To-Whole



Part-to-Whole charts show how much of a whole an individual part takes up. For example, if you are showing how much each region contributes to overall sales, or how expensive each different shipping mode is for an individual product, you would use a part to whole chart.

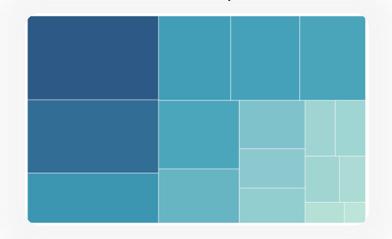
Part-to-Whole charts can be pie charts, area charts, stacked bar charts, or treemaps.

- What types of question can this chart answer?
  - How much does this value contribute to the total?
  - How does the distribution of costs change each year?
  - Do different items contribute different amounts to sales by region?

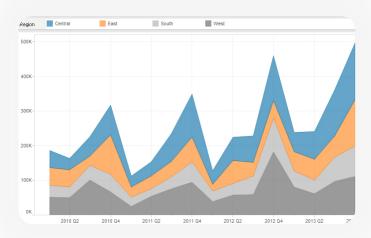


### Part-To-Whole

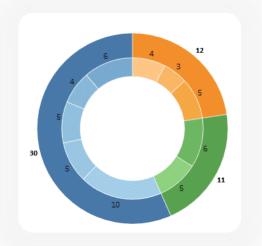
Treemap



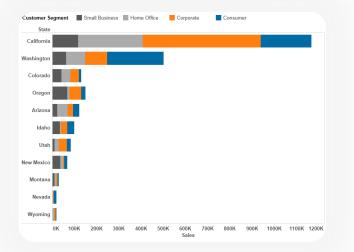
Area chart



Pie Chart (nested)



### Stacked Bar chart





# Spatial



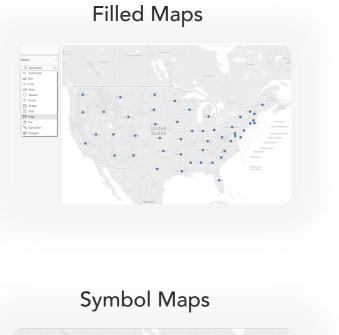
Spatial charts can precise locations and geographical patterns in your data. Showing the airport terminals with the most foot traffic or a map of all sales across the country are examples of spatial maps.

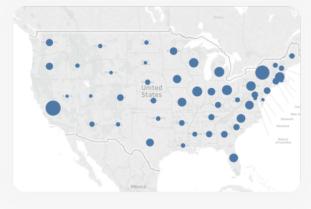
Spatial maps include filled maps, point distribution maps, symbol maps, and density maps.

- What types of question can this chart answer?
  - Which city has the highest sales?
  - How far from distribution centers are our customers?
  - How many people arrive at which gate?

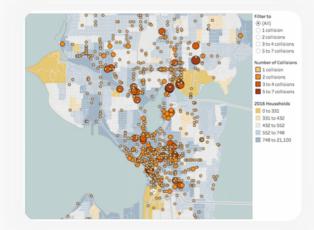


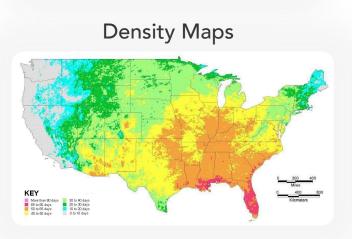
## Spatial





### Point Distribution Maps





### Pegasus One

# Flow

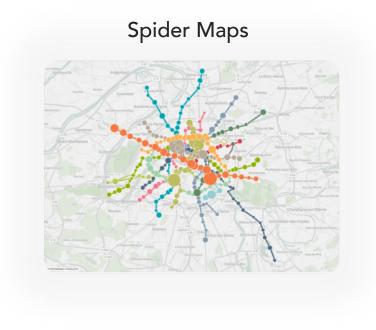


Flow charts can be maps that convey movement over time, such as Sankey diagrams. Flow maps include path over time and path between origin and destination charts.

- What types of question can this chart answer?
  - What is the longest shipping route?
  - How long are people lingering around gates?
  - What are the bottlenecks to traffic in the city?

Flow











## **Other Types**

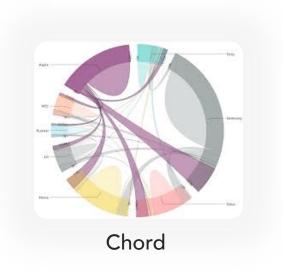


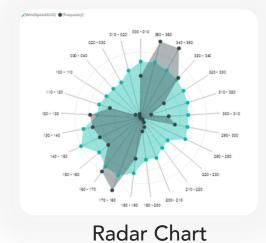


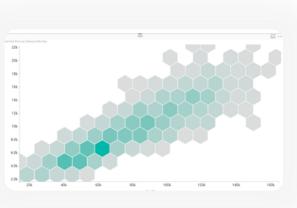
**Funnel Charts** 











### Hexbin Scatter Plot



# To summarize, we will



- Study and understand the data silos in your organization
- Building a plan to extract the actionable insights
- Assist in integrating and analyzing your organizations data
- Create insightful and actionable business information visualizations

Initiative #3

Launch Stealth Product Active accounts > 50% everv week







**Customer Reported Bugs** 





Recognized as one of *Inc.'s 5000 Fastest-Growing US Companies (2019 & 2020)*, Pegasus One partners with industry leaders including Snowflake, Microsoft and Amazon AWS to bring advanced expertise, resources, and leadership to every project.



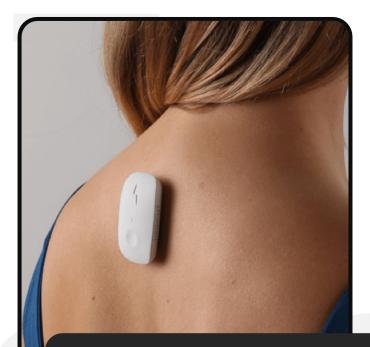
## Projects





#### HEALTHCARE INSUTANCE

Azure based healthcare insurance platform built using Azure SQL data warehouse and Tableau



### POSTURE MANAGEMENT

AWS based data warehouse built using structured (RDBMS) and unstructured data from sensors/IOT devices for healthcare app

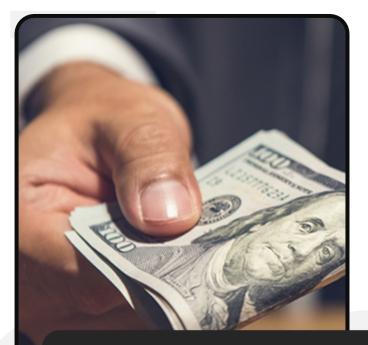
## Projects





### ONLINE LEARNING PORTAL

AWS based data warehouse built using structured (RDBMS) and API data fetched from Canvas LMS



#### SBA LENDING

MS SQL server and PowerBI implementation for a lending product.

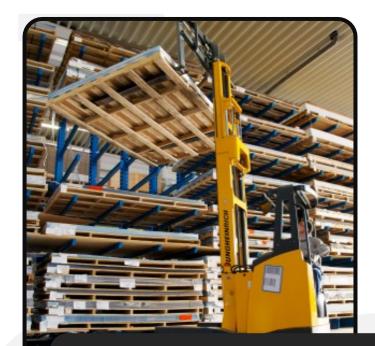
## Projects





### INTELLIGENT LOGISTICS

40% increase in ROI aided by powerful dashboards delivering actionable insights



### AI BASED LOGISTICS

50% reduction of fleet costs with Machine Learning optimized logistics pipeline

## Projects





CUSTOM LMS Custom LMS solution using tableau



#### LMS on Moodle

Custom LMS solution built using popular open source e-Learning solution

### **DATA VISUALIZATION** A life-saving win of Data Intelligence



#### Infection & Fatality Rates Vary by Country Quality of healthcare, average age of population - both factors % cases who have died 5,926 243,453 13,915 Switzerland Italy 115,242 12.1% Spain 112.065 10,348 84,794 1,107 Belgium Germany 82,432 3,322 Austria 5,398 France 59,929 Germany 3,160 50,468 Norway Iran 34,173 2,926 UK 📃 France Switzerland 18.827 536 Portugal Turkey 🔲 18,135 356 Netherlands Belgium 15.348 1.011 1,341 Netherlands 14,788 Canada 11.284 139 Austria 11.129 158 Sweden 169 South Korea 9.976 Canada 🗾 308 Portugal 9.034 209 324 Brazil 8,044 Israel 6.857 South Korea 📃 196 Sweden 5,568 308 Norway 5,147 50

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updated 3 Apr 2020

234

deaths per million people +=3

Portugal •••••• 20

Austria \*\*\*\*\* 18

Germany •••• 13

Norway \*\*\* 9

Turkey • 4

Israel • 4

Canada • 4

China 2

Brazil • 2

South Korea • 3

USA ----- 18

Pegasus One

### **USE OF DATA VISUALIZATION TO DEFEAT COVID-19**

Read Here https://www.pegasusone.com/the-use-of-data-visualization-to-defeat-the-covid-19-pandemic/

Spain

Itah

Israel

Turkey 225

China 58

Brazil 38

1.343